





## Intimations.

DAKIN, CRICKSHANK &amp; CO., LIMITED.

DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

WHOLESALE and MANUFACTURING  
CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS, AERATED  
WATER MANUFACTURERS, WINE  
and SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
&c., &c., &c.

WE have the pleasure to announce that this Company, formed and registered in Hongkong, has taken over the Business hitherto carried on here and elsewhere by Messrs. DAKIN BROS., OF CHINA, LIMITED, and Messrs. CRICKSHANK & Co., LIMITED, together with all ASSETS and LIABILITIES.

The support hitherto given to the late Firms will, we trust, be continued to us.

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1902.

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LD.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

WE invite attention to the following Brands, all of which are excellent quality and good value for the money.

The same being specially selected by our London House, and bought direct from the most noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the best goods at moderate prices.

In ordering it is only necessary to state the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted, and initial letter for quality desired.

PORTS: (For Invalids and general use.)

	Per Case.	Per Bot.
A. Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule.....	\$10	\$1.00
B. Vintage, superior quality, Red Capsule.....	12	1.10
C. Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule.....	14	1.25
D. Very Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Capsule (Old Bottled).....	18	1.50

## SHERRIES.

A. Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule.....	6	0.60
B. Superior Old Vintage, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule.....	7.50	0.75
C. Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule.....	10	1.00
C. Superior Old Dry Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule.....	10	1.10
D. Very Superior Old Pale Dry, choice old wine, White Seal Capsule.....	12	1.10
E. Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very fine quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled).....	14	1.25

## CLARETS.

A. Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule.....	4	\$4.50
B. St. Estephe, Red Capsule.....	4.50	5.00
C. St. Julien, Red Capsule.....	7	7.50
D. La Rose, Red Capsule.....	11	12.00

## MADEIRA, HOCK AND CHAMPAGNES.

FULL PARTICULARS OF THE VARIOUS BRANDS IN STOCK ON APPLICATION.

## BRANDY.

A. Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule.....	\$13	\$1.20
B. Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule.....	15	1.40
C. Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule.....	20	1.75
D. Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1875 Vintage, Red Capsule.....	30	2.50

## SCOTCH WHISKY.

A. Thorne's Blend, White Capsule.....	8	0.75
B. Watson's Glenlivet, White Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
C. Watson's Absolut-Glenlivet, Red Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark.....	8	0.75
D. Watson's H. K. D. Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule.....	10	1.00
E. Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule.....	12	1.10

## IRISH WHISKY.

A. John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule.....	8	0.75
B. John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	10	1.00
C. John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule.....	12	1.10
D. Genuine Bourbon Whisky, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name.....	10	1.00

## GIN.

A. Fine Old Tom, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.40
B. Fine Unweathered, White Capsule.....	4.50	0.40
C. Fine A. V. H. Geneva.....	5.25	0.50

## RUM.

Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule.....	12	1.00
Good Oldward Island.....	\$1.50 per Gallon.	

## LIQUEURS.

Benedictine, Maraschino, Curacao, Hering's Cherry Cordial, Chartreuse, Dr. Serravallo's Angostura Bitters, &c., &c., &c.		
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PRICES ON APPLICATION.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY, ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 4th February, 1902.

## NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relative to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph," and not to the Editor.

Letters and notices must be sent to the Editor, and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

While the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open to the discussion of public questions, and the expression of public opinion, it is requested that all communications be written in a temperate and respectful manner, and that no personal attacks be made, or any other conduct which would reflect upon the Editor or the staff.

The Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements are received for insertion in this paper, and are published in the order in which they are received, unless otherwise directed.

Advertisements and notices which are not intended for publication, but are sent to the Editor, will be published in the order in which they are received, unless otherwise directed.

The Hongkong Telegraph has the largest circulation of any newspaper published in the Far East, and it is therefore the best medium for advertising. Terms on request on application.

The Hongkong Telegraph's office is at the Telephone Central Exchange, No. 1, Telephone address: "Telegraph," Hongkong.

## TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The Hongkong Telegraph is published daily at 3.30 p.m. Subscribers in the central district who do not receive their copies by post, will be obliged by a notice commencing with the Manager.

Subscribers to the Hongkong Telegraph are respectfully reminded that all Subscriptions are payable in advance.

## MARRIAGE.

On the 14th July, at H.M.M.'s Consulate-General, before N. J. Hansen, Esq., and afterwards at the Trinity Cathedral, by the Rev. H. C. Hodges, M.A., MAGGIE ANDREW to WILLIAM FRASER.

## The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1902.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE typhoon is still (5.30 p.m.) raging in the China Sea and was signalled this afternoon to be approaching the Colony in a north-westerly direction.

At the adjournment of the Sessions to-day, until Friday, the Acting Attorney-General stated that he would be prepared to file an information in the Regina v. Emin Deen and Abdoolah murder case on Friday morning in order that the date of the trial might then be fixed. To this his lordship agreed.

MR. BALDWIN, a Canadian missionary, who has been in the East for some three years, has been telling some interesting stories to the Vancouver people. He is a graduate of Wycliffe College, Toronto, and has had charge of the Nagoya Evangelical Mission, Japan. "That," said he, "is the very heart and centre of Buddhism in Japan, and despite all our efforts, the natives are gradually going back to their old beliefs. They are very hostile, and in this respect equal the heathen in the worst parts of China. Why, for the past two years I have not reached once that I have not had to be escorted home by the police, and I was in daily danger of my life. He wasn't killed, but nearly. What a pity!"

THE Kuro-shio or Black Stream of the east coast of Japan forms the subject of a Government department in the country, which is discussed by the Herald in an interesting article, mentioning the risks to navigation, concluding:—The Court of Inquiry into the loss of the *Highland* will take place at Hongkong before anything we can write on the subject can reach there, but at present when we find a vessel running ashore at a fog or thick, although within three quarters of a mile of a light-house, the officers could not see it, we cannot but think that there was considerable carelessness shown, inasmuch as had the captain waited only an hour or so under cover of the night, he would have saved his ship. If, however, commanding officers will rush on at full speed in thick weather, we are afraid that no extra knowledge of the Kuro-shio will render them careful. In fact the mere knowledge that the strength and direction of the current varies from day to day should induce more care. It would be a good plan if the motion of the N.Y.K. captains were followed by all—"When in doubt, don't push on full speed, but wait until you discover your exact position."

YANGKONG, the great city on the Grand Canal, (says the N. C. Daily News) much excited over a ghastly event that took place in its southern suburb a few nights ago. A headless and emaciated corpse of a youth was discovered early one morning in an open field. The head could not be found, nor the body, the liver and hands were lying on the ground, frightening all who witnessed the spectacle. After an examination, by the district magistrate the remains were confined and interred, when he issued a proclamation offering ten dollars reward for the recovery of the head, and fifty dollars for the discovery of the murderer. Thus far, the only information obtained is that a man in a gown, and another in labourer's attire, crossed the Grand Canal together in a ferry-boat, and deceased apparently had been the labouring man. Some conjectured that it was a case of revenge, others surmised that a woman was at the bottom of it. To us it seems rather strange that the body was not recognized, that the unfortunate man had made away with for medicine—else why the removal of head eyes and heart? This question will naturally arise in the minds of those who have read what Dr. Macgregor lately communicated to us respecting man's place in Chinese medicine.

The Stanley Opera Co. again presented "The Mikado" at the City Hall Theatre last night, before a small audience. The bad weather probably accounted for the falling off in the attendance, but there will certainly not be any increase in the quality of the performance, which seems most lamentably and unaccountably wretched in comparison with the first week's performances of the company here. Several places have been mounted almost perfectly, and we have not been slow to give full credit for good work done; but while prepared to make every allowance for the difficulties naturally besetting the company, we cannot stand such a disgraceful exhibition as last night's. Several members, notably Miss Brooks (Kikaku), Miss Dolly Collins (Yem-yun) and Mr. Phillips (Nankai), tried hard to get the thing through decently, and they deserved to succeed; but it was quite painful to see their desperate attempts, their "forlorn hope" so to speak, utterly spoiled and made ridiculous and pitiful by the hopeless incapacity of those whose appearance on the stage was an insult to the audience, and who were the recipients of the greatest company vote. This such a disgraceful exhibition should be allowed, not once only, but several times, in face of repeated remonstrances and warnings from the press, reflects very unfavourably on the management, and attempts to make the Stanley Opera Company popular with the public, which might be done by a few sensible measures to do it to such through ill-considered measures (in spite of the protests, the people's representatives), cripple and harass the play, and draw the hands of the Chinese Imperial Court, draw far salaries and get out of the colony, or will pay as given as possible, and on any pretext (no matter how flimsy) that will go down to the Government.

THE China-Pacific Railway Co.'s Royal mail steamer *Empress of India* left Yokohama for Vancouver yesterday afternoon, having on board 140 saloon passengers.

LORD Li, Chinese Minister to Japan, has retired, owing to the death of his adoptive mother, wife of the Viceroy Li Hung-chang. The new Minister to Japan is Wang Peng Tiao.

An Emergency meeting of St. John Lodge, No. 618, S.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, to-morrow, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visitors are cordially invited.

It is notified that in conformity to the terms of the Postal Convention of Vienna, 1891, the dimensions for pattern packets for non-British offices have been raised to 12 inches by 8 inches by 4 inches.

We hear that genial "Sammy" who has been aptly termed the "G.O.M." of the Mercantile Marine, is stopping at Macao just now and that the change of air has resulted in considerable improvement in his health.

HONGKONG is now in possession of 13 pillar letter-boxes, which are to be fixed upon the streets shortly. What we require now is a local delivery service. It is not much use having pillar boxes if all letters have to be sent for to the addresses.

STRANOS are the ways of the Hongkong Post Office. It advises among the endive correspondence two letters for the steamship *Zambesi*, which vessel has been lying in the harbour for about two months, and is likely to stay some time yet. Lots of other letters are advertised which any ordinary ricksha coolie could deliver right.

MR. G. B. DODWELL, who arrived in Vancouver on the 18th ult. by the *Phos Wang* from Hongkong, is reported by the *News-Advertiser* as thoroughly adjusted with the trip. He expects the permanent boats for the Northern Pacific line, of which his firm holds the agency in China, to arrive about September or October, to replace the present temporary vessels.

THE editor of the New York *Evening Sun* says in regard to the scheme of colonizing a large tract in Mexico with Chinese: "The vast population practiced by the Chinese, coupled with their clearly personal habits, render them ideal people colonists. We have had some experience of this 'wise colonization' which includes such anomalies as smoking places over open cesspools and the utter lack of proper drainage."—*San Francisco Chronicle*.

At the Magistrate's court this morning a Parsee "spotted" by a dog in the act of selling Manila lottery tickets yesterday appeared before Mr. Hastings together with a number of his countrymen who were doubtless prepared to plank down a goodly number of shillings rather than let their compatriot be cast into the dungeons. He admitted the offence, was fined \$5 and went away looking as pleased as Punch at being let down so easily.

INTERESTING grammatical paragraph in last night's *South*—"The steamer *Parthia* is being thoroughly overhauled and will be made comfortable and commodious, and other boats as good, if not superior to the *Parthia*." We don't know exactly what "Brownie" is getting at, but we do know that the *Parthia* (now *Victoria*) has been refitted with pole masts, new decks, new boilers and a large deck cabin and that she will arrive here in a month or so under command of her old and deservedly popular skipper, G. Pantou.

ACCORDING to the Vancouver *World* the *Empress of Japan* on her last trip took 125 saloon passengers, and 475 steerage, a number being Japanese besides one of the largest ever taken by any ship on the Pacific. Among the on-board was Mr. A. Stewart, "General manager for the immense establishment of Duffell, Carrill & Co., the biggest in the East. He is on his way to England on a pleasure trip, but proposes when in London to make arrangements for the sale of the next year's tea crop, a large proportion of which they handle."

## TO-DAY'S SHIPPING RETURNS.

	Inward.	Outward.
Ganges.....	steamer, from Shanghai.	
Yung Ping.....	" " " "	
Namoa.....	" " " "	
Dardanel.....	" " " "	
Taiyeh.....	" " " "	
Aggregating 6,030 tons, register.		
Freij.....	steamer, for Hoihow.	
Chuan.....	" " " "	
City of Rio.....	" " " "	
Borneo.....	" " " "	
Changsha.....	" " " "	
Ostana.....	" " " "	
Singon.....	" " " "	
Didina.....	" " " "	
Aggregating 9,378 tons, register.		

THE sailing competition between the three local steaming companies is, according to latest advices from the North, likely to be decided in favour of the N.Y.K. line, which is expected to land its first cargo of goods in the carrying trade. The opinion is generally held that B. & S. are preparing slowly and surely for a grand coup, and that these pampered customers of competition are the ones who will be the victims of an enemy with whom a long and bitter struggle to the death is inevitable in the not far distant future.

"Tosh" is in London now, and from the great metropolis he will doubtless pull the wires with startling effect. Though not immaculate by any means "Tosh of Talkies" is hard to beat when properly on the war-path. He is dealing with a powerful foe, and he knows it, hence the cautious manner in which he is cautiously reconnoitering the enemy's position.

SOME idea of the one-sided and unnecessarily income-taxing nature of the Steamship Ordinance (1891) may be gathered from the fact that whereas launches are prosecuted for one or two passengers in excess of the number mentioned in their licences, numbers of Chinese junk owners have been fined for carrying more than the number of passengers allowed. Several members, notably Miss Brooks (Kikaku), Miss Dolly Collins (Yem-yun) and Mr. Phillips (Nankai), tried hard to get the thing through decently, and they deserved to succeed; but it was quite painful to see their desperate attempts, their "forlorn hope" so to speak, utterly spoiled and made ridiculous and pitiful by the hopeless incapacity of those whose appearance on the stage was an insult to the audience, and who were the recipients of the greatest company vote. This such a disgraceful exhibition should be allowed, not once only, but several times, in face of repeated remonstrances and warnings from the press, reflects very unfavourably on the management, and attempts to make the Stanley Opera Company popular with the public, which might be done by a few sensible measures to do it to such through ill-considered measures (in spite of the protests, the people's representatives), cripple and harass the play, and draw the hands of the Chinese Imperial Court, draw far salaries and get out of the colony, or will pay as given as possible, and on any pretext (no matter how flimsy) that will go down to the Government.

We are informed by the agents of the Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co. that the Company's steamer *Elitira* left Shanghai yesterday afternoon for this port.

A VANCOUVER paper is responsible for the following—"Four months ago Mrs. C. A. Sloane-Stanley, of Devonshire, England, went out to Hongkong where her husband is a professor in one of the Universities. She has now returned, the climate not agreeing with her. Mrs. Sloane-Stanley is noted as an excellent entertainer and she will be welcomed home."—*One of the Hongkong Universities*!

## SUPREME COURT.

IN CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

(Before Mr. Fielding Clarke, Chief Justice.)

July 19th.

## ROBBERY WITH VIOLENCE.

At the adjourned Criminal Sessions this morning Chung Alung was indicted with feloniously entering a house in Wellington Street on the 16th ultimo, assaulting a man and woman, and robbing the woman of a pair of gold earrings.

The prisoner, who was defended by Mr. E. Robinson, instructed by Mr. C. D. Williams, pleaded "not guilty." The prosecution was conducted by Mr. A. J. Leach, Acting Attorney-General, instructed by the Crown Solicitor.

The following jurymen were empanelled:—Messrs. H. A. T. Witte, Neil MacDonald, G. L. Tomlin, F. A. dos Remedios, Walter McAllin, O. Geschwind, and C. F. W. Petersen.

The Attorney-General said the prisoner was charged with what was generally described as robbery with violence. On the 16th June last it was said the prisoner and another man went to the first floor of a house in Wellington Street where the complainant, Chung Ching Pu, a schoolmaster, was living. A man called out that he had a letter from Macao, and thereupon the complainant opened the door and at once a sword was drawn in the scuffle which ensued the complainant's wife was also struck but on hearing the sound of footsteps she fled. The prisoner then entered the house and seized the complainant's wife. The woman missed her gold earrings. About an hour after the alleged robbery the woman took the police to a house where, she pointed out the prisoner as one of the men who had committed the robbery. The prisoner had been known to the woman and her husband for some time prior to the robbery. It would be for the jury to decide whether the complainant and his wife were mistaken as to the identity of the prisoner and had brought this charge against him, or whether they were not. It was raining at the time, and the prisoner was wearing a hat, and a wet umbrella was found on the premises occupied by the prisoner. The complainant said he knew the umbrella in question to be the one he had previously seen in the prisoner's possession.

Chung Ching Pu, the complainant, and his wife described the assault and robbery and identified a sword produced in Court, with which they said they were assaulted by the prisoner, who also carried a gold earring, and said it was raining at the time, and that they saw it in his possession on the night in question.

Cross-examined—They did not say as much before the Magistrate as they had said on this occasion. Had it been possible for the woman to withdraw herself when the strangers entered, she would have done so, but she was attending her child and could not hurriedly retire. It was correct that she was knocked the man down and gagged him. There were two men in all, the other a tall man. It was the tall man who was so aggressive. The small man had been sentenced to four months imprisonment with hard labour last month, by the Magistrate.

After this the police gave evidence of arrest, describing how the prisoner endeavoured to elude them by climbing over several roofs and then climbing down a bamboo scaffolding to the street below.

Mr. Robinson, in opening for the defence, said he would be able to prove that the prisoner could not possibly have been at the time stated, for he was in the company of several friends. It was highly probable that the whole story was concocted out of pure spite. It was, in fact, more likely that there was but one robber at the house in question and that he was now serving a term of four months for a similar offence. The complainant said he had been told that the prisoner was in the company of several friends. It was highly probable that the whole story was concocted out of pure spite. It was, in fact, more likely that there was but one robber at the house in question and that he was now serving a term of four months for a similar offence. The complainant said he had been told that the prisoner was in the company of several friends. It was highly probable that the whole story was concocted out of pure spite. 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the making out of one of the defences affirmatively that the defendants could resist the claim of the plaintiffs. The *onus probandi* was thrown upon them and it was necessary for them to prove—by paragraph 7 of the answer—that the one to whom a contract of arrangement was made as there set out, was entered into, if at all, on 10th August of last year. The agreement was made, if it were made at all, between Mr. Fobes and Mr. Talbot, and there appeared to have been nobody present who could give confirmatory evidence on one side or the other as to what took place at the interview on the 10th. There appeared to have been some interview also on the 7th or 8th. The principal interview appeared to have been on the 10th. According to Mr. Talbot, (of the defendant Bank) he was to have made arrangements with the head office in London before he went on to make any further settlements of exchange, and Mr. Fobes (of the Trading Co.) ought to have known (Mr. Talbot thought) that if he did make those settlements of exchange without first making the arrangements in London, those settlements of exchange would be void. Mr. Fobes, according to Mr. Talbot, knew this, and he ought to have felt that unless he had made the arrangements first of all with the head office in London all further settlements of exchange would be void, yet on the 13th he asked for £5,000, and in continuation of the same transaction he asked for as much as £15,000 worth of exchange. Now it was evident that at that time Mr. Fobes did not think that there was any necessity for previous arrangement with London, because he would have known, according to Mr. Talbot's account, that this settlement of exchange was void. He knew he had not telegraphed to London; he knew that at that moment he had not made the arrangements, and therefore he ought to have known that these settlements of exchange were perfectly void. He, however, made exchange to £15,000 running the risk, a risk which he said he never would take and was ordered not to take—if the exchange went against him of losing upon the sum of £15,000. It was therefore evident that Mr. Fobes at that moment never imagined that the construction that Mr. Talbot has put upon their conversation was the correct one. Well then, the *onus probandi* was upon the defendants. It was quite manifest upon the whole of the evidence, not only from what Mr. Fobes said, but from what Mr. Talbot said, that there was a definite agreement about future settlements. Defendants urged that Mr. Fobes should have drawn a conclusion to that effect, and that the subsequent correspondence showed that he did so; but his Lordship did not agree. It was further urged that defendants should be released from fulfilling their contract owing to a mistake, whereby they were given to understand that arrangements had been made as before claimed. On their point his Lordship remarked, "I do not know whether I am right or not, but I cannot help being aware here of the way in which brokers do their business. You have only got to walk down the Bund to see them tear into the offices, as if it is a race, and then tear out again; and upon this busy conversation, and the busy words thrown out by Mr. Morris, Mr. Talbot acted as a very large man, ultimately upon that very contract, and afterwards upon many other contracts, to the tune of £15,000. It was a busy conversation, but if Mr. Morris is a properly constituted agent, to make the declaration, something might be said in favour of Mr. Talbot having acted upon it. But is an exchange broker a properly constituted agent of the merchant to say whether he (the merchant) made financial arrangements in London or not? I say distinctly he is not. After full consideration he decided that if there was a mistake it could not release the defendants from their obligation. As to the brokers' notes question, that plainly is a covenant or promise which only went to part of the consideration of the case, the consideration on the one side was the delivery of telegraphic transfers, on the other it was the payment for these transfers; and it was added by the defendants, the promise on their part to finance the goods through the bank or at any rate to offer the goods to the bank in London. Therefore the whole consideration for the terms on the part of the defendants to give them telegraphic transfers, was not to finance all the goods through the bank, but that was only a part of it. It was therefore not the whole of the consideration, but only a part and it could manifestly be paid for in damages, and therefore could not defeat the whole suit of the plaintiffs. His Lordship therefore passed on to the question of damages, and found a verdict for plaintiffs for the full amount, £33,007, with interest from the various dates and costs.

#### NOTES FROM CHINESE PAPERS.

The Sungliang Admiral, H.E. Tan, who had been in the city on business for some time past, has taken his departure. He left early yesterday morning.

The new Shanghai Magistrate, Mr. T'ou, took over the seal of office on Tuesday the 12th instant, with the usual ceremony attending such occasions.

Five pirates, who some time ago plundered fishermen near Foochow and, were captured by Admiral T'ou, received their due punishment on the 5th instant by decapitation.

While H. E. Li was coming down the river last week, he apprehended four *Kolao Hui* members on board the *Yuenan* and on arriving at this port the men were sent to the city for safe custody.

Eight inches of rain fell on the 9th and 10th inst. in the dried-up districts in Shensi; to the great delight of the farmers, as well as other people, as the danger of famine from continued drought is past.

Vast numbers of people are dying off at Ichang, where an epidemic has been prevailing ever since the last of the fourth moon. On the 2nd of the last moon, over three scores of coffins were sold in the brief space of a day.

The Anhui Governor has given H.E. Yen, Chief Police Commissioner, a list of over a hundred names of *Kolao Hui* members who are wanted by the authorities, and the Commissioner is instructed to bring about their capture.

A large bank in Wenchow, which has for years been enjoying the confidence of the people as well as of the officials, and apparently doing well, suddenly closed its doors the other day, with a liability of over 90,000 taels. The sudden collapse is attributed to the run on the bank by depositors who went to draw their money, which the bank was not prepared to meet.

The merchants at Wuhu, according to reports received from that port, have not relaxed their efforts in opposing the new *colao hui*, which the authorities have been trying to force upon them. The other day a special deputy sent by the Governor and Commissioner, Mr. T'ou, called upon the *colao hui* and tried to induce the merchants to come to terms, but

the latter adhered to their fixed determination and would not agree to pay this extra tax.

H.E. Yen, the prime mover of this new impost, has withdrawn from the staff for collecting these dues and has petitioned the Governor to place the entire charge of this matter in the hands of a deputy. The officials, who are connected with this matter are interviewing the Governor, and it is not easy to predict what will be the final outcome of this law; whether it will be enforced or remain a dead letter are questions which cannot be answered at present.

H.E. Lai Kun-yi has given orders to the divisional police officials not to take upon themselves the responsibility of putting law breakers who come under their notice to severe punishments, and has enjoined upon them to transfer the cases which are not easily dealt with to the district magistrate. Recently a man died and was supposed to have come to his death through the excessive punishment received at one of these stations.

The city magistrate received from his home the other day the sad news of his father's death. His Weisao is in mourning, and, as custom requires, he will withdraw from public service. The Tao-tai, who apprised of this news, offered his condolences to the afflicted magistrate, and commissioned the manager of the "junk office" at Woonung, Mr. T'ou, to act as a substitute, temporarily, at the magistracy. Mr. T'ou arrived in the city yesterday and will select a propitious day to take over the seal of office.

The other day His Excellency captured another *Kolao*, who was also conducted to the city prison. At the trial the night before last, the prisoner, Ho Yau Yau by name, denied all connection with the *Kolao Hui*. He says that he is 31 years of age, a fruit vendor by trade, and a native of Hupoh, where he has been making his living by the above named occupation. He says that he came from Chinkiang in search of a friend. He asserts, also, that he has always been a peaceful and law-abiding citizen and is not in any way connected with the *Kolao Hui*.

The country round about Tientsin is literally covered with locusts, every nook and corner of the ground is filled with the insects. The method by which people are annihilating them is by digging holes in the ground and then scoop the insects in and when the hole is well filled they throw earth on the top to prevent the locusts getting away. Another way of diminishing the number of these pests is by eating them. Large numbers of people are engaged in cooking them and rendering them palatable. This rare delicacy is then taken to the market and sold and seems to be largely enjoyed by connoisseurs, who pronounce it as being excellent.

Five couriers who were sent by three Chinese post offices at Kinkiang with letters and about 5,000 dollars to Kinkiang-cheng came to grief from having met robbers on their way. They got as far as Sungshao-cheng without mishap, but night closed in on them in this place and they were obliged to seek shelter in one of the lodging houses. In the middle of the night, while all were in dreamland, a host of robbers numbering over twenty, came with lighted torches and pained faces. To intimidate the inmates they first fired off their muskets, and then by means of a heavy stone they forced open the doors and entered yelling "Shia, shia, shia." Seeing this, the couriers began to offer stubborn but useless resistance, with the result that one of their number received such a wound on the forehead that he died almost instantaneously. Having inflicted injury upon every one in the place, including the landlady, the robbers decamped, carrying away their spoil. The case was reported to the Poyang Hien soon after it occurred, and detectives were set to work to capture the marauders.

A friend from Kashing relates that a very suspicious case of robbery and murder had taken place at Shichow lately. He says that at the end of last moon a young man named Kao Mous arrived at the city with a cargo of rice, which was disposed of for \$200, and with this he departed in his boat. On reaching the south gate of the city came on, and the boat was made fast by the side of several Chinese gunboats placed there for the protection of the merchants. In the middle of the night, while all on board were in dreamland, the boat was dragged by some unknown party to a quiet and unfrequented spot, where it was robbed of all its valuables and the money which the man had. Being taken by surprise no resistance was offered and the victims had to allow the robbers to rummage every part of the boat. The young man, however, recognised some of the faces of the marauders as those of people he believed he had seen on the gunboats. On the following morning Kao went to the gunboat and saw the captain, telling his story and throwing suspicion upon the soldiers. The captain was enraged at hearing the story and immediately went to work and began torturing the youth by hanging him up and beating him. Not content with this he ordered hot water to be poured upon the youth's breast. This treatment, however, did not induce the boat captain to desert in his punishment. Not heeding their entreaties, they went to the master of the rice shop, who reported the matter to the Hien. The Hien immediately despatched a number of soldiers to the boat and with difficulty rescued the young man, who was enduring excessive torture, and was on the point of death. The young man was carried to the city in a chair, but before arriving at his destination he died. It is said that the unfortunate youth has influential connections among the officials.

#### NINGPO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Ningpo, 13th July, 1892.

Nothing of much importance has taken place here during the last week or so. Very few Ningpoanders took advantage of the *Kolao Hui*'s trip to Pootoo on Sunday last, but those that did enjoyed most thoroughly the short change from the hot and close country, and we have been favoured with for some days past. The steamship *Haver* was in port last week, with coals for the Cotton Mills; these mills have lately been in a flourishing condition, and the proprietors have added to their already extensive premises a splendidly built house for the manufacture of cotton-cloth goods. The machinery &c., was imported from Japan and the supervision of the whole concern is under the direction of natives of that country, and they really carry out the work very well. The worthy commander of the steamship *Haver* had a trip on shore Saturday last, evidently to get rid of an attack of biliousness from which he was apparently suffering, and of which I may tell you more later on.

The Chinese gun-boat *Yuenan* has just returned from a cruise among the islands, and it is probable that no pirates will be seen there. The other day a special deputy sent by the Governor and Commissioner, Mr. T'ou, called upon the *colao hui* and tried to induce the merchants to come to terms, but

#### WUHU.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Wuhu, July 10th.

A rather unusual incident occurred here last Sunday. About noon a large monkey (about three feet high) belonging to one of our Foreign residents, broke loose from his chain. Having paraded up the street leading from the Custom House, he proceeded to frighten the whole place. Taking complete possession of some fruit stalls, he helped himself to anything that came to hand. Becoming excited with the shouts of the crowd and sundry ill-adviced blows from long bamboo poles, he proceeded to throw cups, saucers, dishes, jars, etc., off the shelves in the shops, and did what the destruction of his kind is not willing to do for the church, there will be no one to force you to do so. Now let me none, hereafter, again injure the "Hog Ancestor," and those disobeying this mandate shall be nailed upon the cross to die.

Issued by  
YANG (GOAT) TAO-TAI,  
Tao-tai of Han, Wang, Tao  
District (Hankow).

#### CHINKIANG.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Chinkiang, 8th July, 1892.

You will regret to learn that on the arrival of the river steamer *Tai-wo* last night, it was reported that her chief-engineer, Mr. Parlane, was missing. On making enquiries on board it was ascertained that the steamer left Shanghai at 11 p.m. on the 6th instant, and that the chief-engineer spoke to Mr. Parlane at 1.15 a.m. on the 7th. The *Tai-wo* was at that time between Woonung and the Clumpa. Mr. Parlane was then sitting in a canoe close to deck, but he was not seen by any of the crew. This seems to be all that is known about the affair. He may have walked overboard in his sleep.

The weather has been very sultry. Yesterday the thermometer was up as high as 91 degrees in the shade.

A serious landslide occurred at a village on the north shore, opposite the Customs, yesterday at 11 a.m. Over forty houses were submerged, but fortunately there was no loss of life. The extent of the slip is over 1,000 feet, by sea level. A similar mishap took place four years since on the very spot. The casualty was caused by the ground being honey-combed by land-crabs, and through the strong freshets after the late rains.

A swarm of locusts passed over the Settlement this morning. The swarm resembled a dark cloud and it was visible for over thirty minutes. These insects are causing much destruction to the crops about the country around here.

July 13th, 1892.

No news of any importance since my last, except that the locusts are devouring all the young blades of grass on the hills at the back of the Settlement, which in consequence present a very barren appearance. The crops of Indian corn are very promising, but rain is much needed for the soil is very parched.

Some excitement has been caused in polite Chinese circles by the discovery on the part of the local millman, Chalks, of the usefulness of his spouse. Chalks had long suspected that things were not as they should be, and he accordingly laid a plan, which was successful in discovering the disturbance of his conjugal happiness. Having told his wife that business called him to Hongkong for a few days he left on the morning of the 11th instant, and returned about midnight back to his domestic hearth, having scaled the wall, he peeped into the window and by the aid of a flickering glimmer from a lamp, he discovered the guilty pair *flagrant delicto*; he thereupon seized and bound them hand and foot, and beat them unmercifully and intended to hand them over to the local Justice. Fortunately, however, the fellow villagers of the young Lochee having heard of his distressing situation came in a body at daylight and stormed the domicile and released him from duress vile. The irate husband again vented his righteous wrath upon his wife and gave her such a mauling that she promised Chalks never again to stray from the path of virtue. So mote it be.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is a combination of two most valuable remedies, in a palatable and easily digested form, having great healing and strengthening properties, most valuable in Consumption and wasting diseases. Read the following: "I have found Scott's Emulsion of cod liver oil in the treatment of phthisical and scrofulous dyscrasia. It is extremely palatable and does not upset the stomach—thus removing the great difficulty experienced in the administration of the plain oil."—D. F. KENNA, F.R.C.S., Surgeon, St. Vincent's Hospital, Dublin. Any Chemist can supply it. A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), agents in Hongkong and China.

"We the people of this city and of the surrounding country do hereby with one heart and voice resolve that we will seek out the members of the 'Heavenly Hog religion' and the 'Jesus religion.' If any be found to say that the Foreign religions are good let us bind him up, beat him and push him into the deep water. Let us tear down and destroy the churches and exterminate those who 'eat the religion.' In doing this we must pluck the weed up by the roots so that we may escape the calamities from above and suffering their below. Will it then not be better for us? Let all be of one mind and strive with united efforts, even sinking our lives to attain this, and be not in the least afraid. For were he a tiger we will eat his flesh and skin his hide."

"Let the entire town assemble, but do not let in strangers and bad people, to deliberate and counsel upon the following:—There is a foreign devil religion, which upholds the Heavenly Hog as being sacred. They profess to worship people to love each other and do what is good, but secretly they conceal within themselves a heart bent on injuring and ruining the people. They make it their business to buy young children from the people whom they place in the church to pursue religious studies. But in reality they get hold of these children so as to pick out their eyes and hearts, where-with to concoct chemicals for mining silver and gold. It is a pity that the poor people cannot at once understand this. We have heard of these revolting acts and by secret investigation we have obtained positive information concerning them. If there be any kidnapping of children committed we shall now secretly punish the offenders without mercy. Whoever is found to believe the 'devil religion' shall not be allowed to remain here, and any who should seek secretly to conceal them, or is unwilling to report the presence of such persons, is certainly a traitor."

"Let all be informed that I, Tao-tai of Han, Wang, Tao, have for years been worshipping the 'Hog Ancestor, Jesus.' Since my promotion to this office, each of the great Western Powers has paid me a salary of 10,000 taels per year, and the various consular bodies have given my wife, consubines and the female members of my household 10,000 taels for the expense of my education. Although my consubines with the great Western Powers have been most kindly yet it is due to the *colao hui* relation existing between the different consular bodies and my wife, consubines and the female members of my household that we obtain this. But

without the blessing from the 'Hog Ancestor,' how could we have reached such a prosperous state? There is a report abroad that you wish to injure and take violent measures against the 'Hog Ancestor' and to give pre-eminence to the names of Yao, Sung, Yi, Tao, Chow Kong, Wei, Whang, Wei Whang, Confucius and Mencius. This is most foolish and surpassingly so. I therefore hasten to issue this proclamation so that all may know that, if you wish hereafter to become rich and prosperous, you must take your wives, consubines and the female members of your family to the church every night and worship the 'Hog Ancestor.' You should not in the least degree give trouble to the consuls and the missionaries, and in particular you should not injure Jesus, the Hog Ancestor. If you do not desire to suffer for wealth and prosperity, and are not willing to enter the church, there will be no one to force you to do so. Now let me none, hereafter, again injure the 'Hog Ancestor,' and those disobeying this mandate shall be nailed upon the cross to die.

Issued by  
YANG (GOAT) TAO-TAI,  
Tao-tai of Han, Wang, Tao  
District (Hankow).

THE NEXT MONTHLY GYMKHANA MEETING WILL BE HELD IN THE HAPPY VALLEY AND RACE COURSE.

(The latter kindly lent by the STEWARDS of the HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB),

on SATURDAY, 23rd July, 1892. (Weather Permitting) Commencing at 5 P.M. sharp.

Under the Patronage of H.E. Sir WILLIAM ROBINSON, K.C.M.G., H.E. the GENERAL OFFICER-COMMANDING, and the COMMANDER.

EVENTS:  
I (5 p.m.)—HURDLE RACE—220 yards—Open to all Asiatics.  
II (6.10 p.m.)—HURDLE RACE—220 yards—Open to all Europeans.  
III (6.30 p.m.)—HALF MILE—Open to all China Ponies. Catch weights.  
IV (6.45 p.m.)—TUG-OF-WAR—First Heat (a) Europeans, Navy, Army, and Police. (b) Asiatics.  
Teams to a side. One Pull. The whole team to be pulled over.  
V (6.15 p.m.)—HURDLE RACE—Half mile. Open to all China Ponies. Catch weights.  
VI (6.30 p.m.)—THREE LEAGUE RACE—1 1/2 miles—Open to all Asiatics.  
VII (6.40 p.m.)—DRIVING POTRACKS INTO A BUCKET—Ladies nomination. 3 Buckets to be placed each 20 yards apart and the rider to drop one potato into each bucket as he passes it at full gallop, starting 50 yards from first bucket. The best of three to win.  
By kind permission of Major ROBINSON, H.E. the OFFICER of the 1st BATTALION, L.I., the Band of the Regiment will attend.  
Hongkong, 19th July, 1892.

#### To-day's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL  
HARRY STANLEY'S COMIC OPERA AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.

PATRONISED BY HIS EXCELLENCY SIR WM. ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.  
TO-NIGHT (TUESDAY), July 19th, The Beautiful (Comic Opera in 3 Acts) "BOCCACCIO."

TOMORROW (WEDNESDAY), July 20th, OUR GRAYD VARIETY. ANOTHER ENTERTAINING PROGRAMME, Miss WILFRED TRIGGE.

In her FANCY STEP DANCE, Miss TILLY LAKE and Miss FLORENCE STEPHENSON, in NEW DANCES.

THURSDAY, July 21st, The highly successful Burlesque in 3 Acts, "SHEPHERD."

FRIDAY, July 22nd, "LA FILLE DE MADAME ANGOT."

A GREAT BILL FOR SATURDAY, July 23rd, The Beautiful Burlesque "SLEEPING BEAUTY."

Box-Plan now open at Messrs. KELLY and WALSH.

The first-class Grand PIANO supplied by Messrs. MOUTRIE, ROBINSON & Co.

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship "ESMERALDA."

Captain G. Taylor, will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at 5 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to Messrs. SHEWAN & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 19th July, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEY, SUZUKI, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND TRIESTE.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LYTANT and ADRIATIC PORTS).

THE Company's Steamship "ELEKTRA."

Captain Mariani, will be despatched as above on the 26th instant, at 1 P.M.

Cargo will not be received on board after 3 P.M. prior to date of sailing.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, 19th July, 1892.

ST. JOHN LODGE OF HONGKONG, No. 618, S.C.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, TOMORROW, the 20th instant, at 8.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 19th July, 1892.

THE TYPHOON SEASON. NOW READY.

A SECOND EDITION OF THREE THOUSAND COPIES OF "THE LAW OF STORMS IN THE EASTERN SEAS."

(By W. DOBBS, Director of Hongkong Observatory).

THIS useful work has been re-written and greatly enlarged, and is illustrated by lithographs showing the courses of the typhoons of late years.

The pamphlet is issued at One Dollar, and may be obtained from Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Hongkong.

"Lane, Crawford & Co."  
"G. Falconer & Co."  
"C. J. Gampe & Co."  
"F. Blackhead & Co."  
"Heinemann, Horbet & Co."

Mr. W. Brewer,  
The Hongkong Trading Co., Ltd.,  
Messrs. A. de Mello & Co., Macao,  
Messrs. W. Malle & Co., Ld., Amoy,  
Mr. H. W. Churchill, Foochow,  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Shanghai,  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Yokohama,  
Messrs. Sayle & Co., Ld., Singapore,  
Messrs. Arncliffe Prince & Co., Paris & London,  
or the  
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE,  
Pedder's Hill,  
Cantonment, 15th May 1892.

Intimations.

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

OREGON PINE SPARS and LUMBER Always on Hand, L. MALLORY.

Hongkong, 24th June 1892.

SIEN TING, SURGEON DENTIST, No. 10, PAGULWAY STREET, TERMS VERY MODERATE.

Consultation free. Hongkong, 19th March, 1892.

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND MODERATE FEES.

M. R. WONG T. A. F. O. N. G., Surgeon Dentist, (Formerly Articled Apprentice, and formerly assistant to Dr. ROBERTS), HAS REMOVED TO THE BANK BUILDINGS, Queen's Road, (above Messrs. Davis, Ross & Co. China, Ld.)

CONSULTATION FREE. Hongkong, 19th July, 1892.

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HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

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Hongkong, 24th June 1892.

#### Intimations.

F. Blackhead & Co. SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS, and PROVISION MERCHANTS, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, No. 11, Praya Central, (Opposite Pedder's Hill).

SOLE AGENTS FOR RAHTJEN'S GENUINE COMPOSITION FOR THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS.

HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT, specially manufactured for coating the inside of STEEL SHIPS. SPECIALLY SELECTED EXTRA PRIME PORK and BEEF in Barrels.

AMERICAN PRIME SUGAR-CURED HAMS and BACON.

CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX CLARETS, CEMENT from the celebrated Factory of Hemmors.

FLensburg STOCK BEER, ENGINEERS' and BLACKSMITHS' MACHINERY and TOOLS.

EVERY KIND OF SHIP'S STORES and REQUISITES ALWAYS IN STOCK.

AT REASONABLE PRICES. ALL KINDS OF COALS SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Des Coteaux at its finest old BRANDY, COGNAC, 4 Stars, selected expressly for F. B. & Co., Sole Agents.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA AND JAPAN FOR THE TULE LIFE PRESERVER AND RAFT.

Manufactured by the LUDUC TULE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Broolin.

Acknowledged by the scientific world as the MOST EFFECTIVE DISINFECTANT DEODORISER and GERMICIDE.

Is neither poisonous nor caustic, may be used by everybody without the slightest apprehension of danger.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1892.

G. FALCONER & CO., CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, and OPTICIANS.

CHARTS and BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and for Vignier and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES, and SPECTACLES.

No. 18, Queen's Road Central, 1892.

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO., CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, and OPTICIANS.

CHARTS and BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

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No. 18, Queen's Road Central, 1892.

NOTICE.

JAY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JAY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISTRICTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special terms for Shipping and large orders.

Sir ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says "It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co., Bank Builders.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1892.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

"MONTIARA" AS SHE NOW LIES IN YAU-MA-TEI BAY.



